

Patient Safety

Trust me to care



What is patient safety?



'The avoidance of unintended or unexpected harm to people during the provision of health care.'

NHS England/Improvement





Summary of Patient Safety Pledges



Patient

Put **safety** first Embed a safety culture Provide harm free care Continually learn and improve Be honest and open Work collaboratively Use quality improvement methods Be supportive of staff

Strategic Objectives







What is our role?



Learning from deaths in care and deterioration

- Structured Judgement Reviews
- Trigger Tool and Case Note Reviews
- Medical Examiner Service

Analytical

Patient Safety

Supportive

Patient Safety Syllabus

Patient Safety Specialist(s)

National Patient Safety Agency (NPSA) Alerts

Huddling up for Safer Healthcare (HUSH)

Safety Intelligence

- Harm Free care
- Essential Care Indicators
- Early Warning Alerts

Safety Express Subcommittee

PSIRF Learning Responses

Inquisitive

Appreciative

Learning from Excellence (LfE)

Appreciative Inquiry (AI)









Essential Care Framework

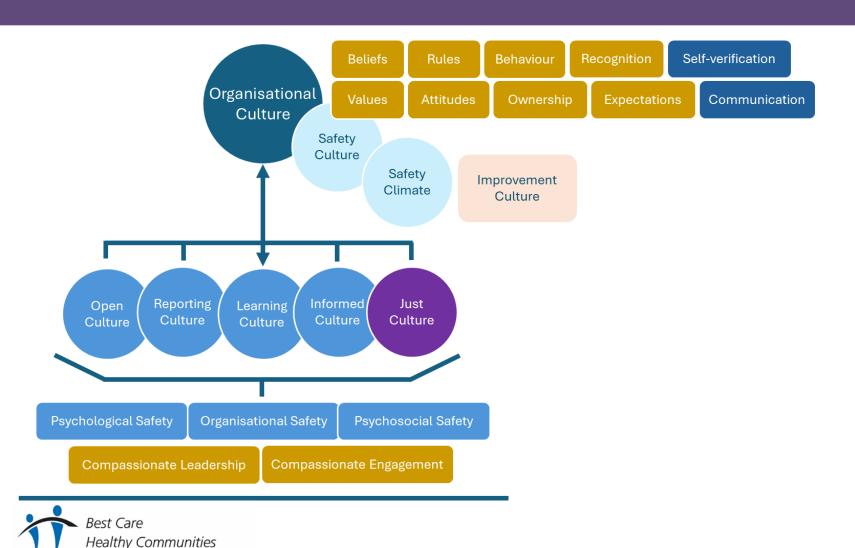






The bigger picture





In the news (1)



Winterbourne View

On 31 May 2011, an undercover investigation by the BBC's Panorama programme revealed criminal abuse by staff of patients at Winterbourne View Hospital near Bristol

DoH Summary Report

CQC Report on Winterbourne View

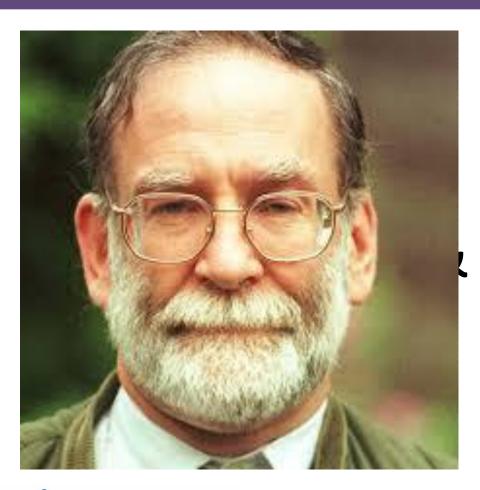






In the news (2)









In the news (2)





NEWS

One by one the scandals have become etched on the public consciousness. The mass killings by Harold Shipman. The deaths of babies undergoing heart surgery at Bristol Royal Infirmary and born under the care of Morecambe Bay maternity services. The needless suffering of patients at Stafford Hospital.

Now we can add Gosport War Memorial Hospital in Hampshire to that list. News that 456 patients died after they were given opiate painkillers without reason is one of those moments that send a shudder through the NHS - and the nation.



In the news (3)



urd Staffordshire

Stafford Hospital





Francis Report



THE MID STAFFORDSHIRE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST PUBLIC INQUIRY

chained by Robert Francis (IC

Report of the Mid Staffordshire NHS Foundation Trust Public Inquiry Executive summary

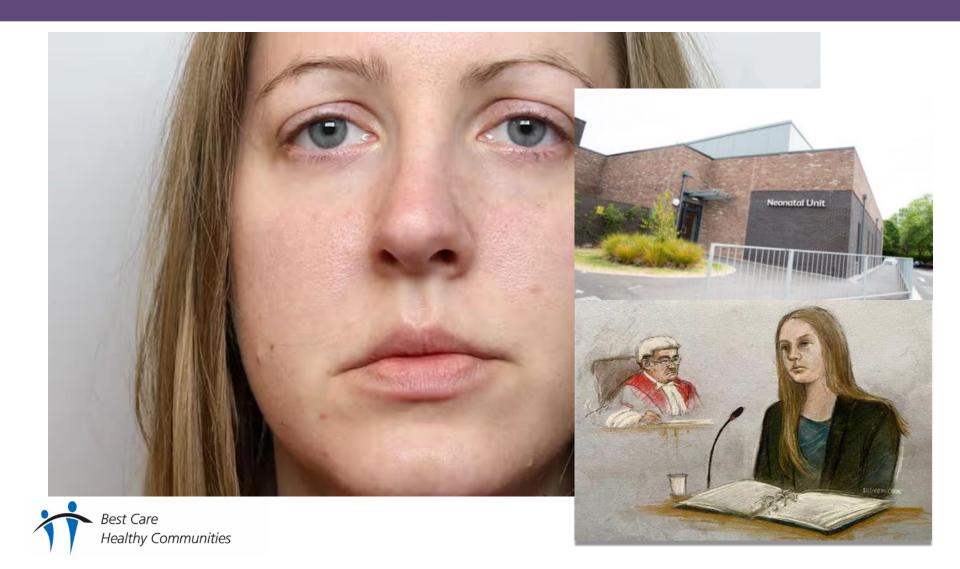
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Best Care Healthy Communities Divided into five main areas, some of which required new laws:

- New 'fundamental standards' of compliance, with clear means of enforcement
- Greater openness, transparency and candour
- Improved suppor THE MID STAFFORDSHIRE caring and comm
- Accurate, useful
- Better healthcare

In the news (4)





Voice your concerns









Change in Direction



Focus on what goes wrongSafety I approach

Support system and human resilience Ability to anticipate, cope, recover and learn

Paradigm shift in safety thinking

- Individuals and errors in focus ('bad apple')
- Aim to reduce number of adverse events
- Finds the 'weakest link' and eliminates this
- Latent systemic failures remain in system
- Learning uses a fraction of the available data
- Safety and core business compete for resource

Focus on what goes right
Safety II approach

- Organisation, system, resources and development in focus
- Several contributing factors behind an event
- Learning is main goal of any review
- Ability to succeed under varying conditions
- Use what goes right to understand everyday performance, do better, and be safer
- Learning uses most of the available data
- Safety and core business work together

Change in Human Factors thinking

= OLD THINKING

= NEW THINKING

Safety Culture





The key ingredients for healthcare organisations that want to be safe are:

Staff who feel – psychologically safe – valuing and respecting diversity; a compelling vision; good leadership at all levels; a sense of teamwork; openness and support for learning.

NHS Patient Safety Strategy – July 2019





Safety II Implementation



- Debrief
- Safety Huddles
- Positive feedback to staff to learn from things in a much more balanced way. (LfE)
- Clinical supervision (team approach)
- Reflective practice (team approach)



Ability to respond safely to problems/events

Ability to learn from/ share this experience Ability to monitor how things are going

Ability to anticipate to future needs



Safety Huddles







Learning from Excellence (LfE)



Learning from Excellence



Learning From Excellence



Learning From Excellence Philosophy

Safety in healthcare has traditionally focused on avoiding harm by learning from error. This approach may miss opportunities to learn from excellent practice. Excellence in healthcare is highly prevalent, but there is no formal system for capturing it. We tend to regard excellence as something to gratefully accept rather than something to study and understand. Our preoccupation with avoiding error and harm in healthcare has resulted in the rise of rules and rigidity, which in turn has cultivated a culture of fear and stifled innovation. It is time to redress the balance. We believe that studying excellence in healthcare can create new opportunities for learning and improving resilience and staff morale.

- Adrian Plunkett - LfE Founder

Person being nominated details (Nominee)

Full name: *		
Email Address: *		
Job Title *		
Line Manager Name (if known)		
Line Manager Email Address (if known)		
Division *	Please select	~

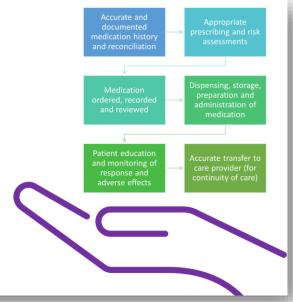


Safety Improvement Plans



- Falls
- Pressure ulcers
- Suboptimal care
- Medication harm events

Keeping medication in safe hands





Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF)



What is PSIRF?

 https://www.england.nhs.uk/patient-safety/incidentresponse-framework/#new-approach

PSIRF replaced the Serious Incident Framework (2015)

 NHS England » Patient Safety Incident Response Framework



Human Factors



Human Factors encompass all those factors that can influence people and their behaviour.

In a work context, human factors are the environmental, organisational and job factors and individual characteristics which influence **behaviour at work**.





Moving away...



... from blame

At its core, a **positive culture** requires, kindness and civility.

The importance of individuals day-to-day behaviour in relation to safety is increasingly recognised.

Studies have shown that where people are rude and disrespectful, safety is compromised.



Civility Saves Lives

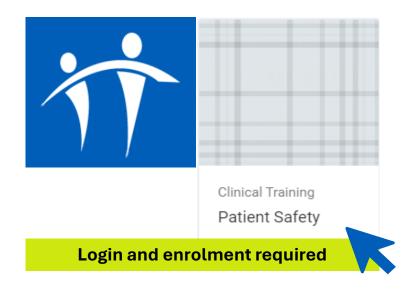




Training



Virtual Campus





Thank you









Patient Safety

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